CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

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VOL. XI. CHICAGO SATURDAY MORNING OCTOBER 24 1857. NO. 119.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 24, 1857.

Later Extra Tribune continued all day yesterday, and there were 1,000 of them sold.

We have prepared another edition, containing the entire account of the late awful destruction of property, the recovery of the bodies of the dead, and the funeral ceremonies, together with the resolutions adopted before the Coroner's Jury, including the testimony of two more days. The whole is embraced in one sheet. Any of the Counting Room, 51 Clark street, wishing to send a full account to their friends abroad, will find this the very paper they want.

FOR COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
W. T. BARRON.

FOR CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT,
CHAS. B. FARWELL.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
AUGUSTUS E. BOYDEN.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
WILLIAM L. GREENLEAF.

FOR SHERIFF,
EDMUND DIXEY.

FOR CORONER OF THE PEACE,
WILLIAM J. WALLIS,
DANIEL O. ROBINSON.

TRADES UNIS, ATTENTION.—The members of the Mechanics' Club are requested to attend a Business meeting at South Market Hall, this evening at 7 1/2 P. M. A full attendance is called, as business of importance is to be transacted.

☞ It is well known that Mr. Borden will not be a Democratic candidate for Treasurer even in name, and there is where the shoe pinches the Times.

☞ It is well known that Mr. Gilmore will not be a Democratic candidate for Sheriff even in name, and there is where the shoe pinches the Times.

The Times supports Gen. E. Farwell for Clerk, who is the nominee of a meeting at which it says "Wentworth packed" and it is a "Black Republican" at best. Here it is a "Black Republican" at best. Here it is a "Black Republican" at best. Here it is a "Black Republican" at best. Here it is perfectly refreshing!!

A Long Ticket.

We ascertain that the following county ticket was concocted yesterday by three or four disgusted Democrats, constituting the dregs of Knox Nothingism in these parts:

For County Judge—E. F. Jones.
For County Clerk—A. S. Peck.
For County Treasurer—H. D. Boies.

The remainder of the ticket is left out temporarily, as it is not yet to sink over night. Of course the candidates have no earthly claim to running but to help about Catholic Irish.

An Intention Regretted.

The Times reports with considerable noise that a number of men are to be indicted for conspiracy in the event that it has been guilty of copying from the County Journal. We make no charges against the Times or its officers who hold the county funds, and consequently the inquiry: Has not the Times been in receipt of pretty regular drafts on the County Treasurer of late and would not care even to have an act of immediately in the settlement of the present incumbent?

Perhaps it is the Times so very solicitous about the morals of this man? Is it to be its trust and hope, or is it Irish-like? If the Times would not be politic to call for grand jurors both of Cartonites of-fice and of the Chicago Penitentiary before making any fuss of these little pickings of

The Fire in the Queen Bee.

There is nothing a deed not upon the face of it, and the Democratic candidates for Republican candidates for Republican offices are straining every nerve to get votes. They are raising a perfect hue and cry. They are resorting to every means to secure success. They are determined to have their choked off the track, and scuppered up a good deal. They have stuck their candidates—one of them at least—to the Democratic Convention. I

Steamer Reindeer wrecked near Big Sauble.

TWENTY ONE LIVES LOST!

BOAT AND CARGO TOTAL LOSS.

Intelligence reached here yesterday morn by the mate of the Schr. Alwilda, who passenger on the propeller C. Mears, that the Canadian stern wheel steamer Reindeer was wrecked eight miles north of Big Point Sauble, during the gale of Monday night, and only two firemen, out of her crew of 13 men, were saved. The Reindeer was laden with tallow from this city and wheat from St. Joseph for Montreal, shipped by Mr. La Duref this city. She is reported to have made well down the lake, when she encountered the storm, and put back, either with the intention of making some port, or not being able, to head the gale: the sea washed over her, extinguishing the fire, and the sail made was immediately carried away, carrying the mast overboard. In her then helpless condition, about 9 o'clock Monday night, she struck heavily on a bold, rocky shore, and went to pieces in a few minutes. The first boat lowered was carried away empty, and the second filled and sank. The two men that were saved, were washed ashore in a senseless condition, and the weather being very stormy and cold, their feet were badly frozen; but they made their way for eight miles this side, where lay the wrecked Schr. Alwilda. The Reindeer was commanded by Capt. Patterson, and owned by Henderson & Holcomb of Montreal where she is probably insured. She was old, and valued only at $12,000. Her cargo of tallow, &c., is strewn along the Michigan shore for miles. A portion may possibly be saved.

The Reindeer was formerly called the Commerce. She was run into and sunk in Lake Erie some eight years ago when transporting some companies of British troops. A great many lives were lost in that catastrophe.

The Railroad Convention.

Nothing was done in the Railroad Convention yesterday. The Committee on Passenger Fares was in session all day, and had not concluded their labors up to 9 o'clock last evening.

CITY ITEMS.

PERSONAL.—Gov. Bashford, of Wisconsin, is at the Richmond House.

SNOW.—Passengers by the Great Western Railroad report the ground in the vicinity of Hamilton covered with snow to the depth of six inches.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement of the resting of the Fair grounds on North Clark street. This is an eligible location for a pleasure garden.

THE FIRST CHURCH of the Holy Communion, Rev. H. B. Whipple, Rector, held service at Metropolitan Hall, every Sunday at 10 1-2 A. M. and 7 1-2 P. M.; subject of the morning sermon, "the history of the late calamity."

THE following distinguished strangers are sojourning at the Richmond House: Hon. D. A. Starkweather, Ex-Minister to Chili; Gov. Bashford of Wisconsin; Col. Morgan L. Smith of New York; J. W. McMellen of New York; W. W. Wells of New York, Rev. E. H. Cummings of Ohio.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Hanson on the body of Charles Schatte, who came to his death by accidentally falling between the cars at the 12.30 express train of the Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac R. R. was starting. Verdict of the Jury was in accordance with the above fact.

ROW.—On Thursday night a fight came off among the deck hands of the propeller Allegheny which resulted in but a bloody affair, one of the participants being considerably injured. Nicholas Blake, Hugh O'Donnell and Peter Lucz were arrested and brought before the Police Court, and fined $5 each.

FESTIVAL OF THE SONS OF PAUL.—The Festival of the Sons of Paul will be held at the Tremont House, on Monday, 26th inst. Dinner will be on the table at 4½ o'clock. Tickets can be obtained at the Tremont House, at the store of B. Miles & Co., and of the Chairman at his office, No. 108 Randolph street.

CHARLES LEIS,
Ch'n. Com. of Arrang'ts.

FIRE IN MILWAUKIE AVENUE.—Yesterday morning, about 7 o'clock, an alarm was rung for the 4th district, which was occasioned by the burning of an occupied two story frame dwelling at the junction of Milwaukee and Chicago avenues. The flames were extinguished by Engine Co. No. 17, and the building was damaged to the extent of about $300. It was set on fire in three places. The structure was owned by a Mr. Richmond. The incendiary has not been caught.

A CARD.—I. B. Gay returns his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and the public for their very kind assistance afforded him in saving a portion of his goods from the late calamitous fire.

He begs to inform the public that he has opened the Store, No. 150 Lake street, corner of Lasalle street, and is now selling of the remainder of his dry goods stock. The public may be sure of having great bargains.

Hon. J. F. FARNSWORTH.—We regret to learn that Hon. J. F. Farnsworth, member of Congress elect from this District, is sinking fast, and that no hope is now entertained of his recovery. The circulation of blood in one of his lower limbs has entirely ceased and mortification has set in. Mr. Farnsworth's loss will be a serious one to the community.

HEAVY AWARD.—We learn that George Steel, H. A. Heald and Julian Rumsey, the arbitrators in the case of Burley vs. the Gas Company, have made their award, and fixed the amount of Mr. Burley's damages at $7,500.

This is the case, it will be remembered, where Mr. B.'whose was injured by a gas explosion some time since.

RED JACKET ENGINE CO. NO. 4 AND THE REVERE HOUSE.—The members of this company desire to express their grateful acknowledgements to Messrs. Floyd, French & Co., proprietors of the Revere House, for generously furnishing them with refreshments on the morning of the late fire.

A. H. YOUNG, Steward.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—There will be a general meeting of the Republicans of Chicago, at South Market Hall, this (Saturday) evening, at half past 7 o'clock.

The object of the meeting is to have a general conference among the friends of the Republican cause, as to the approaching county election.

JOHN H. KINZIE, Chairman Ex. Com.

THE GREAT FIRE.—Yesterday morning two alarms proceeded from the still smouldering ruins of the great fire. The first occurred about 6 o'clock and was occasioned by the burning of some tar and oil in the cellar of one of the ruined buildings on South Water street. A dense volume of smoke filled the air, and fears were entertained of a serious destruction of property. The flames were extinguished, however, before any additional damage was done. The second alarm came from the same place, but did not amount to much.

BOGUS ENGINEER IN TROUBLE.—Samuel Welch alias E. T. Welthaw, was brought before the Police Court yesterday for obtaining money under false pretenses. He went into a store and borrowed a dollar under pretense of purchasing some nails for his family, but afterwards applied the money to treat the gentlemen of ation. As the fellow had no family, he was arrested as an impostor and sent to the Bridewell in default of paying a fine of $25 imposed upon him. He also went into a drug store and had a small purchase charged to the Chicago Press. This man has been hanging about the Police Court for some time, with a hole in each pocket for his hand, and says he is a writer and correspondent for the New York Herald and Philadelphia Ledger. The frequenters of that court will remember him by his dirty linen and kid gloves. He had a number of letters of introduction, all apparently in the same hand writing, and representing the bearer as "dear." The Herald should inform its reporter from its supposed correspondent.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—Night before last, fellow Keeler was informed, by the employees of John Lotus, to watch him. The officer saw him arrange a pile of straw and shavings against the rear of the building Nos. 345 and 347 South Wells street, occupy by Geo. Reborn, for the evident purpose of setting fire to the premises. The officer watched him carry out the material and he had made all ready and was about to light a match when a woman, who also saw the movements, gave the alarm and the villain started to run away, but was overtaken by Keeler. He then attempted to resist the officer who handed him over to the care of the car, followed by officer Keeler. The officer in the meantime, was glad to yield. At the station he did not produce the needful cash. Bail was fixed at $50 for being disorderly and required to find bail in the sum of $500 to keep the peace, in default of which he was committed to jail. The accused procured a good bondsman and was soon released.

ORIGIN OF THE GREAT FIRE.

Coroner's Inquest—Testimony Continued.

INTERESTING DEVELOPMENTS.

Evidence Concerning the Vacant Room

Extraordinary Flight of Fallen Angels.

Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock the jury resumed their investigations.

ASA WHITE, sworn.—Resides at 240 South Water street; about 2½ o'clock Monday morning, heard cries of fire; looked out and saw flames issuing from the 5th story of the hardware store; in less than five minutes from the first alarm the whole store was in flames; was considerably annoyed with chilling but shirt on toward Wheeler's building on Clark street; knew nothing more to much but engage ment at a fire in my life.

W. C. GILBERT, sworn.—Resides at 145 State street; about 2 o'clock yesterday noon, No. 1, on the east side of the burnt district, I went into the vacant room on the 3d floor of Wheeler's building; was in my own business; went up there because I often thought they might set it a fire.

ADAM CARY (colored) sworn.—Roomed in No. 9, on the 3d floor of Wheeler's building; left the room; there when I left the fire broke out; went to No. 9 and woke them up; when I came up through the stairway I saw the fire; they were in the room; I called them out; he said in a letter to us he would be ready for them Saturday; they were married; P. S. Willis Jolliet, sent to the depot and telegraphed; this duplicate was talked of when we first took Mr. Cross up; we took him because of his knowledge of the building; was in the building; I left the room at 12 o'clock; I was at my room except when at my meals; Sunday evening I called upon a lady residing on Wabash avenue; I left there at 11 o'clock; I went to my room; when I left the room there were no matches about; my room was not on that flight; I came in about ten; I had no matches with me; I left the room at 12 o'clock; my room was on the 3d flight; I left it open; when I left the room I left the door of the vacant room was not open when I left; I went to my room; next to the door of the vacant room; I went to my room; when I left the room I left the door of the vacant room closed; no one was in that vacant room; the fire must have originated near the sky-light on the second story.

H. D. LACKWOOD—Resided to having been the occupant of room No. 6 on the east side of the building; slept in the building on Sunday night; got up about 10½ o'clock; she outside door of the vacant room was open; then closed it to my room mate; about 8

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 51 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 24, 1857.

Extra Session of the Illinois Legislature.

We know of but one of our Republican contemporaries of the State that favors the calling of an extra session of the Legislature; and that one is the *Washington Gazette*. In a late article devoted to the prevailing monetary distress, it suggested the convocation of the representatives as a measure that might tend to relief; but as it failed to back up the suggestion by a statement of what it was in the power of the Legislature to accomplish, and as it has not since referred to the matter, we presume that it is not inclined to insist upon what it at first proposed. It is true that the passage of a law authorizing the payment of the interest and a portion of the principal of our State Indebtedness—both somewhat over a million of dollars, now lying idle in the Treasurer's vault at Springfield—would throw that amount of specie into the channels of trade, and relieve many individual wants; but the time between the present and the day (Jan. 1st, 1858) in which payment may be made, according to the law as it now stands on the statute book, is so short that it can be hardly worth the heavy expense to which the State would be subjected to make it shorter still. It is true that the tax-payers will sweat under the next levy by which near six hundred thousand dollars will be raised, but unquestionably, for the payment of the principal of a debt only, yet due—a levy that the Republican Senators and Representatives would gladly have avoided last winter by an amendment of the Constitution, but which the Congo Democracy insisted upon—but it is also true that, at an extra session, no steps toward an amendment of the Constitution can be taken; the indebtedness in that work must be in a regular session; hence, were the Legislature convened, nothing could be done. The Apportionment Act is and will be a bone of contention between the two parties, but our opponents will insist upon the validity of their vetoed bill; and as the character of both houses remains unchanged, we do not see how that question is to be adjusted by the measure proposed. *The ends may be Republican.* They have practically suspended specie payments; and nobody seems inclined to question the necessity or expediency of their action in this emergency, or to pursue them with the rigors of the law. They are as well off as they can hope to be, so long as the pressure continues; their currency commands sufficient confidence at home and in Missouri, Iowa and Wisconsin, where it is needed and used; and no legislative act can better their condition, without, we fear, impairing the rights or safety of the bill-holder. Indeed, except to enact a series of absurd and vexatious "stay laws," we see no use to which the Illinois Legislature could now be put. "Work out your own salvation," is as sound a maxim in Finance as in Theology.

IOWA ELECTION.

As a number of our correspondents have given the State of Iowa over to the hugging of the Anti-Lecomptonites, to which dismal end the telegraph has laboriously assisted—we give below the returns from 61 Counties, received up to last evening. They may be relied on to be the main accurate. The official returns from 12 Counties have increased the aggregate Republican majority:

Counties.	Rep.	Dem.	Counties.	Rep.	Dem.
Allamakee	600		Lucas	200	
Appanoose		400	Madison		200
Benton	600		Mahaska	400	
Black Hawk	400		Marion	400	
Boone	200		Monroe		200
Buchanan	400		Muscatine	600	
Cedar	400		Polk	400	
Clayton	600		Scott	600	
Clinton	600		Tama	200	
Dallas	200		Van Buren		400
Davis		400	Wapello	400	
Delaware	400		Warren	200	
Des Moines	600		Washington	400	
Dubuque	600		Wayne		200
Fayette	600		Webster	200	
Henry	400		Winneshiek	600	
Iowa	200		Wright	200	
Jackson	600				
Jasper	400				
Jefferson		400			
Johnson	400				
Jones	400				
Keokuk	400				
Total, 61 Counties	9,200	2,000			
Last year	7,200	5,000			
Gain	2,000				

There are twenty small counties yet to hear from, which gave a Republican majority at the State election last Spring, when the Democrats carried the State by 5,005 majority.

The Legislature stands:

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans will have a majority of	4	11	15
Democrats will have a majority of	1	1	2

The Republicans will have a majority of at least 13 on joint ballot, and Brigadier General Cranson Wasmuth over Burns will have a similar majority. He goes quietly to that bourne whither Dunne has illuminously preceded him. Like lost comets, they trail away on the edge of an unconquered hyperbola.

A Lily Analyzed.

Messrs. Lily, Barlow and Hickox were very frightened, under the impression that they were very severe, at the late Railroad Convention in Cleveland. Lily was especially outraged to see the newspaper press, and Barlow and Hickox, in attempting to be ballish, succeeded in being bullyish. The Indianapolis *Journal* operates on the trio in the following neat and appropriate manner:

Judge Jessup, President of the Susquehanna Road, and Mr. Case, of the Cleveland & Erie Road, convinced the convention that railroads were under great obligations to the press, and that they could by no means do without it. Some members of the convention who have ready about which no honest editor can speak in commendatory terms, opposed the resolution, but the good sense of the honest Yankee, Mr. Hickox, of the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Road, and several others who are interested in wool, sighs and other stock matters as connected with the railroad interests of the country, &c.

Mr. J. D. D. Lily, of the Lafayette and Indianapolis Road, who distinguished himself in the Convention by saying that he had the right to come to the conclusion that railroads in his part of the country were under no obligations to the press. On making this statement a gentleman asked him: "Where is your country?"

A hearty laugh followed, which caused Mr. Lily to—fold his pocket-revenge up," and subside into silence. That a man who is the owner of railroad country does not exist which is not under obligations to the press. Few railroads would have been built in the United States if they were not assisted by the press in obtaining the means of construction, and Mr. Lily's remark is but another evidence that he is not only ungrateful, but is a man and woman.

Prayer-meeting Revivals.—Rev. Dr. Cuyler, who is a famous Presbyterian preacher in Philadelphia, and Rev. Joseph H. Perry, the real estate agent of Mr. Beecher, are to conduct a series of meetings to be held in Niblo's Saloon, New York, commencing in November. Rent, $15,000 per annum—half of which is to be paid by those who attend the meetings.

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More of the Fire Department—Valuable Suggestions.

To the Editor of the Chicago Tribune:

SIR:—The recent calamity which has been so destructive of life and property, has again turned the attention of the community to the state of our Fire Department, thus making the present a favorable time to urge the adoption of certain improvements which have long been needed, but which have been suffered to pass unnoticed through a short-sighted weakness. In this pause of business, with the ruins of valuable property still smouldering in our midst, we cannot do better than consider the various systems proposed for the protection of our lives and our property from the devouring element. I am glad to see that your paper has come out so boldly with its suggestions as to the steamer system, the especially for city use can be obtained if thought advisable. At all events we are open for such suggestions as may be offered, and I will, avail myself of the privilege this afforded.

First. It is surprising that any one can doubt the expediency of substituting a "paid" department for the system now in use. When our town was small, undoubtedly the voluntary system was the only one practicable. But now we have property enough to warrant the adoption of any system that will secure us from fire, and we are able to pay for such protection. The "voluntary" system is prevented for its want of systematic action on the part of insurers when at fires, for insubordination of members, for a spirit of license necessarily engendered when the only compensation received for labor is gratuitous, for rioting and drunkenness, and for rendering the organization the terror and disgrace of the Lake City. Such are the bane of peace and of property. There are here, as there are in every city, very many noble, disinterested men in the Fire Department. But, unfortunately, these very men are situations dependent on the rowdy boys and men who may be near the engine houses when a fire breaks out—who are at the fires when extra help is required. Otherwise, under the present system, a fire would be the signal for every Fire Company, their engines, and as practically the organized are short of some of their necessary members.

It is a hard accusation to bring against a department intended to preserve property from fire, that it causes many of the fires it afterward labors to extinguish—and yet who does not believe it?

Now if there was no relief known, there would be no merit in complaining of a system that has so many good features as has the present one. But in this matter has been canvassed and experimented upon with satisfactory results years ago, in cities on both sides of the ocean. We have only to examine, and we can know exactly how the paid system works. If it is the best, as those who have seen its workings assert, then let us have it.

Second. In harmony with the "paid" system is the "steam fire engine"; which will do any amount of work; will not tire, differ, get drunk, or be jealous. If we have not had fair specimens try again. Those that have seen them in Cincinnati say that our large one would have saved the property (and to the town) of the steam on Lake street, last Monday morning.

Third. If one will look at a map of our city it will be seen that by far the greatest portion of the insurance property of the city is but one or two lengths of hose from the main river or its branches, and that an immense number of buildings are accessible to firemen and engines on one side only, the back side being on the river; also that all the shipping is harnessed in between two walls of buildings, and of course is effectually protected from the streets and open lots, so that in case of fire the craft on the river and the buildings on the shore are mutually protected. If all we do is supplied with one river to be supplied with a steam pump or sufficient power to throw several large streams at once; and as an immense amount of property can be reached directly or indirectly by means of the Fire Department, and all property on the banks of the river, this would be the most important portion of the city to be protected. Now, if the water front of the city is constantly supplied with water, and the engine could be furnished, and that too at the cost of one or two engines, the saving in insurance would soon pay for the engines. The engine being taken from the engine house equipped would have served at most of the fires of the past year as effectually as one half of the engines that have been called to the fires. In the same, to secure the getting on of several tugs, thus adding as invaluable aid to our fire system whenever there are open for such suggestions as may be offered, and I will avail myself of the privilege this afforded.

W. B.

Storm on Lake Superior.

From a friend who arrived here yesterday on the *Lady Elgin*, we learn the following particulars of Monday's gale on Lake Superior.

The *Elgin* left the town of Superior on Sunday morning, 18th inst., and made good time all day, with wind from southwest. At night the wind shifted to northwest, and early on Monday morning changed to northeast, when it commenced blowing a perfect hurricane, accompanied with snow. After beating some hours off Copper Harbor, she fell in with the steamer *Illinois*, and Capt. Tompkins led the way through the surf and rocky entrance into the harbor. Both boats lay here until Tuesday, when the *Elgin* started for below and the *Illinois* for Eagle Harbor.

It is supposed there were no other boats out on the lake during the gale. The propeller *City of Superior* and *Iowa City* passed the *Lady Elgin*, bound up, on the morning of the 19th. There were no sailings of the steamer *North Star*, but the probabilities are she returned to Detroit.

The steamer *Mahoning* lay off at Superior. The propeller *Mantell Rae* cleared the canal, bound up, on Wednesday.

The gale reached so far up as Sheboygan, on Lake Michigan; and Mackinaw people report it as being very severe there.

The officers of both the *Lady Elgin* and *Illinois* say it was probably the most terrific gale ever experienced on Lake Superior, and it was providential that the two boats caught out in it were the most seaworthy of any on the Upper Lakes. The passengers on both boats united in their commendations of the good seamanship of both commanders—reserving, however, their highest approval for Capt. Tompkins, who led the way through an intricate passage to the harbor of safety.

FROM KANSAS.

The Great Pro-Slavery Fraud in Johnson County.

[From the Lecompton Constitution, Oct. 14.]

Johnson County has sent up to the Secretary's office returns giving for the county some 1,700 pro-slavery majority. The most of these returns are from the Oxford precinct, a little town on the Missouri line, or rather, the village, what there is of it, is on the Missouri side. There are not thirty legal voters living at that precinct, and only some eighty were polled the day of the vote. But the polls were kept open, pretended to be, another day; and now the pretence is made, that from a thousand to fifteen hundred votes were polled the second day. How, considering the status of the pro-slavery men themselves, Johnson county contains only 496 voters, and a total population of only 900 souls. Of course, all such monstrous returns are gross perjuries evidence of having been had throughout. A majority of ten thousand would be just as reasonable and honest from Johnson county, as this 1,700 majority.

We know this to be literally true. Every man of intelligence and honesty in the county knows his conviction that these returns are fraudulent, and, of course, under such circumstances he can give no certificates based upon them.—Indeed, should an attempt be made to defraud the members rightfully elected by the people of their seats, by the admission of these fraudulent returns, we say, that the peace of the whole Territory would be immediately and most imminently hazarded thereby.

Think, if one will look at a map of our city it will be seen that by far the greatest portion of the insurance property of the city is but one or two lengths of hose from the main river or its branches, and that an immense number of buildings are accessible to firemen and engines on one side only, the back side being on the river; also that all the shipping is harnessed in between two walls of buildings, and of course is effectually protected from the streets and open lots, so that in case of fire the craft on the river and the buildings on the shore are mutually protected. If all we do is supplied with one river to be supplied with a steam pump or sufficient power to throw several large streams at once; and as an immense amount of property can be reached directly or indirectly by means of the Fire Department, and all property on the banks of the river, this would be the most important portion of the city to be protected. Now, if the water front of the city is constantly supplied with water, and the engine could be furnished, and that too at the cost of one or two engines, the saving in insurance would soon pay for the engines. The engine being taken from the engine house equipped would have served at most of the fires of the past year as effectually as one half of the engines that have been called to the fires. In the same, to secure the getting on of several tugs, thus adding as invaluable aid to our fire system whenever there are open for such suggestions as may be offered, and I will, avail myself of the privilege this afforded.

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[From the Lecompton Constitution, Oct. 14.]

Johnson County has sent up to the Secretary's office returns giving for the county some 1,700 pro-slavery majority. The most of these returns are from the Oxford precinct, a little town on the Missouri line, or rather, the village, what there is of it, is on the Missouri side. There are not thirty legal voters living at that precinct, and only some eighty were polled the day of the vote. But the polls were kept open, pretended to be, another day; and now the pretence is made, that from a thousand to fifteen hundred votes were polled the second day. How, considering the status of the pro-slavery men themselves, Johnson county contains only 496 voters, and a total population of only 900 souls. Of course, all such monstrous returns are gross perjuries evidence of having been had throughout. A majority of ten thousand would be just as reasonable and honest from Johnson county, as this 1,700 majority.

We know this to be literally true. Every man of intelligence and honesty in the county knows his conviction that these returns are fraudulent, and, of course, under such circumstances he can give no certificates based upon them.—Indeed, should an attempt be made to defraud the members rightfully elected by the people of their seats, by the admission of these fraudulent returns, we say, that the peace of the whole Territory would be immediately and most imminently hazarded thereby.

The people of Kansas have staked their all almost, upon this election, and now they will not endure to be defrauded again. If it be again demonstrated to us that there is no resistance to be placed upon the ballot box, what alternatives is left but that of perpetual degradation and slavery, or a prompt recurrence to the final resort of oppressed and down trodden humanity? To our new Executive, especially the Secretary and Governor, have rushing upon them at the moment a most awful responsibility. Upon their wisdom and justice in the exercise of the duties of the station to which they have been called, the peace and perpetuity of the Union.

Let them beware, for they tread upon a volcano!

RESIGNATION OF THE GOVERNOR.

Gov. Walker and Sec'y. Stanton were last night at Fish's Hotel, on Wednesday evening last, on their way to the border, to inquire in person in regard to the fraudulent election returns from the Oxford precinct, in Johnson Co. They express a determination to see justice done the actual residents of the Territory.

Wages in Oxford.—Oxford city has sprung into notice like Jonah's gourd. Several gentlemen have gone down on Tuesday to hold a meeting there. We noticed Mr. Babcock, Mr. Morrow, Mr. Speer, Dr. Gilpatrick and others among the number. They returned on Thursday, and reported that they had seen nearly a thousand voters in the city, and counted three stores which had been moved over the line into Oxford from Little Santa Fe, Missouri. The 1st voters of Oxford were born on Tuesday estimated at from 12 to 40. What disfranchisement Gov. Walker and suite will make we cannot tell (!).

GENERAL NEWS OF THE ELECTIONS.

[From the Louisville Democrat.]

Election returns are received from nearly every county in Kansas, and the result is, every district—except the Leavenworth and Atchison Districts—have gone overwhelmingly Free-State. Leavenworth went down on Tuesday by seven hundred majority, and Atchison by a majority of 1—34 to 2—368 to 1!—Ratio in the case of Atchison where the polls were not surrounded by armed men from Missouri. We add the Free-State ticket was overwhelmingly victorious except in the district composed of Leavenworth and Atchison.

Secret, According to the free-state call, in this district, the Free-State party elected the day by 1,200 majority out of an aggregate of about 2,500 votes. All was right so far, and the returns were received by the Executive and Secretary.

Afterward, however, the Johnson County and all other fraudulent returns from Oxford precinct, &c., were received by the Secretary, and he declared the election void, and ordered a new election to be held.

THE PANIC—ITS CAUSES, CONSEQUENCES AND CURE.

Opinions and Facts from all Sources.

THE PRESENT EXTREME CONVERSATION.

[Special Dispatch to the Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20, 1857.

The President expresses a good deal of concern regarding the effect of the panic upon the Government finances. Directions have been given to revise and reduce all estimates. The construction of Custom Houses and many other public works will be suspended. The policy of the Administration is to avert the necessity of a loan by making retrenchments. The President will oppose all money bills, except those for indispensable appropriations. Col. Forney's plan for purchasing a foot-hold in Tehuantepec—a forty million scheme—is consequently a wreck. Bannerable plunder schemes in Washington will share its fate.

The Cabinet is decided to keep Toucey in the Cabinet.

It is rumored, on apparently good authority that directions have been given to Marshal Hoover to aid the city authorities in suppressing riot and violence, and that an additional company of troops has been ordered to the Marine Barracks to assist him.

It is also stated that Gov. Edgar, of Maryland, has represented to the President the great danger of bloodshed at the State election, and asked for United States troops to protect the polls in Baltimore. The reply is understood to be in substance that he must comply with the requirements of the law, and that the Government adheres to the principles embodied in the Attorney General's opinion, denying the application of the Governor of California for troops to assist in putting down the San Francisco Vigilance Committee in 1856. So the Marylanders are likely to have a free fight upon the most approved Kilkenny principles on election day.

HOUSE MATTERS IN NEW YORK.

[From the N. Y. Tribune, Oct. 21.]

The Illinois Central Railroad Company have prepared a programme which goes out by the steamer to-day for Europe, by which they will be relieved from their embarrassments. The Company have notified the holders of its floating debt, that they are prepared to renew it at six per cent, payable in 1862.

There is more disposition shown to buy produce but the rates show no amelioration. The best names go at 2a2½ per cent, with an occasional name at 2½ per cent for a very favorite signature.

There is a disposition in the street to believe that some of the banks are preparing for an early resumption, but we can obtain no information from head quarters which affords any foundation for such belief.

Attention is called to advertisement cautioning the public against the imposition of certain bonds of the Florida Railroad Company.

The Committee of the Directors of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company publish an address to their shareholders, in which there is a straightforward, business-like exposition of the affairs of the their corporate concern, embracing an estimate of the productive capacities of the road, and its command over local custom, together with a plan for funding the floating debt of about $2,000,000. The stockholders are frankly informed of the true position of the company, and desired to consent to the issue of bonds, in order to save their stock from annihilation. A second mortgage of $3,000,000 in bonds at 7 per cent, is contemplated by the plan of the committee, $1,000,000 to be offered to guaranteed shareholders, and delivered by the North Star on her last trip. The Iron City refused to discharge her cargo there, because the consignees were not prepared to pay charges. Poverty pricked the bubble.

THE PANIC AS AFFECTING THE CATTLE TRADE.

The Cambridge and Brighton markets at the present time present a curious anomaly. Here is to be found a class of men—the butchers, solvent and wealthy—based upon a cash capital, who are usually but slightly affected by financial changes that periodically occur in the country; now they tremble before the present blast like a mariner in mid ocean without compass or rudder. The yards and fields are full of the finest bullocks, and butchers, Courage to buy, to trade, to speculate, all have vanished. The scarcity is rapidly being developed, that an entire change in the price of the commodity must take place, and that very soon. If cash sales are made in time the dividend will be paid in February.

A portion of the City Banks had a meeting this afternoon, to confer with a delegation from the State Banks in regard to furnishing aid to the interior for the movement of produce. The proposition was favorably received, and the State Banks pledged to furnish all the good and acceptable bills at thirty and sixty days, drawn against produce and accompanied by the bills of lading, to the amount of $1,200,000. Other banks which were not represented at this meeting, will also join in this arrangement, and probably at least $2,000,000 will be at once used to give an impetus to the movement of the crops toward the seaboard. This is one of the most judicious and important steps yet taken by the banks for their own safety, as well as for the benefit of the mercantile world generally, for to the crops we must look for the means to lift us out of our present embarrassments. The amount, however, devoted to this purpose, to be truly effective, should be made larger.

DRAWING COIN FROM THE FARMERS' BANK—PLUCK OF THE ROCKERS.

[From the Intelligencer, Oct. 21.]

Quite an excitement was created this morning on the knowledge of the fact that a concerted gang of Shylocks from Cleveland, Mt. Vernon and Wooster, assisted nobly by a desire to receive the ten per cent. premium that is being given for coin in the cities, entered the bank with all the sang froid imaginable, with the rolls dangling in their fingers and carpet-sacks under their arms, and in authoritative tones demanded the "specie," which, on being handed to them, they were preparing to make their exit with it; but while the money changing was transacting in a number of cases got wind of the object in view, and forthwith repaired to the bank, compelled the brokers to return the coin, and, not in the most affectionate manner, handed the chaps out, and bid them, under a penalty of a coat of tar ornamented with feathers, to vacate the city and seek the "country air." The disappointed gentry, with countenances somewhat lengthened, and resembling the "last rose of summer," ramored in such hot haste that it was with much difficulty that their coat tails kept pace with their hurried steps.

Had these money shavers desired the coin for the transactions of legitimate business, our people would have remained perfectly quiet—said give the coin. But the fact of a body of men, bonded together for speculation, with an aim is to grow rich and fat on the calamities and misfortunes of the people, drawing the coin from the vaults and sending it abroad at a heavy per centage, is a thing that is looked on not actually a circulating medium sufficient to purchase the produce of the country, was more than would be tamely submitted to, and hence the result.

We are glad to see the determination manifested by our citizens, of both parties, to stand by the bank and frown down all and every attempt that would operate to its injury. That it is one of the most sound, safe and reliable in the State is beyond question, and its bills are now, as they ever have been, as good as the coin.

TROUBLES EVERYWHERE.

The papers contain interesting though sad pictures of the consequences of the revulsion. The poor are thrown out of employ, and begin immediately to suffer; those in better circumstances are required to retrench, and even the rich find it necessary to curtail their unnecessary expenses. The Fall River *Mercury* describes what is dread, failures in the manufacturing towns of Massachusetts as follows:

"Whole families are suffering for bread—the factories willing and eager to work, but nothing to do. We have heard tales of distress that would bring tears to the eyes of the most flinty-hearted. Some people must have bread or starve, and this is not a community to allow the latter. This is too gloomy, altogether. Take heart, men of Fall River, and show yourselves equal to a momentary distress. This is a glorious, rich town, with a population of energy and wants of thrice its inhabitants. There is considerable distress in the shoe business of Essex county. During the last week many hands were discharged in Lynn, and the winter prospect for the poor are gloomy. The Newburyport *Herald* states that orders have been given for the discontinuance of work in one-half of the Globe Mills, and adds, 'If these times continue, we cannot see why they will not all suspend, and make one common ruin of the fortunes of the people, both physically and morally.'"

The New York *Herald* describes "The Panic in the Brown stone Houses" in a manner that, to those who have wandered through Fifth Avenue and the whole streets of brown-stone houses that take in the upper part of that great, proud, and fashionable city, will give it a peculiar interest:

"The Pothiers of our fashionable localities are in truth reduced to sad extremities. In the fifth avenue, in Madison and Union square, and in every other spot where fashion loves to congregate, we hear of nothing but retrenchment. Where the rich are not to be sold, splendid carriage jades to go off, and liveried servants to be removed, and household and personal expenditures to be squared generally, there are unlucky instances, too, where hope to relieve the pressure by overhauling their private wardrobes all make resolutions of stern self-denial for the future. What a pity all this was not in time! What a world of trouble and distress the people of the fashionable world have brought themselves if they had listened to the warnings that were given them! But no—bent on their own destruction, they pursued their wild career of extravagance, and now they have to pay for that gave them friendly counsel. The punishment they have received is of their own doing. Let us hope that it will bear wholesome fruit."

DISCOUNTING OF A DRAFT'S SIGHT.

[From the Louisville Democrat.]

A few days ago, we learn, a man of our property every county in Kansas, and the result is, every district—except the Leavenworth and Atchison Districts—have gone overwhelmingly Free-State. Leavenworth went down on Tuesday by seven hundred majority, and Atchison by a majority of 1—34 to 2—368 to 1!—Ratio in the case of Atchison where the polls were not surrounded by armed men from Missouri. We add the Free-State ticket was overwhelmingly victorious except in the district composed of Leavenworth and Atchison.

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Watches, Jewelry, &c.

HOWEN BROTHERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &c., No. 92 CLARK STREET, CORNER OF WASHINGTON, CHICAGO.

E. Folsom,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,

COR. LAKE AND CLARK ST., CHICAGO.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A RICH STOCK of Diamond Rings, Breast Pins, Ear Drops, Bracelets, &c.

JEWELRY REPD.

In Basis of Pennsylvania Gas Steam Metals, Cent, Paste, Lever, Cylinder, and all Gold.

WATCHES,

Diamond and Enamelled, Fine Gold and Silver, of various kinds.

GOLD CHAINS,

Guard, Fob, Vest and Chatelaine

Gold Bracelets, Rings, Pins, Ear-Drops, Thimbles, Pencil Cases, Keys, Seals, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Gold Pens, Silver Spectacles, &c.

Silver and Plated Ware.

Just received from Eastern Manufactories, a large and complete assortment of the above goods, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Watches, Jewelry and Clocks.

S. BRUENN,

No. 11 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Between Lake and Randolph sts.

BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM AMERICAN and European Manufactories, I am enabled to offer to the trade and consumers a large and well selected stock of Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, &c., which I am prepared to sell at the lowest prices. Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired and warranted for one year. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Great Closing Out Sale,

—OF—

JEWELRY, WATCHES, SILVER and Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, &c.,

—AT THE—

OLDEST JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT IN CHICAGO, BY

ISAAC ROSER, 77 LAKE STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER, WISHING TO RETIRE from business, will sell his entire stock of Jewelry, Watches, Silver and Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, &c., at prices that will defy competition. The stock is large and well selected, and will be found worthy the attention of purchasers and the public generally. Call and see for yourself.

ISAAC ROSER, 77 LAKE STREET.

Clothing.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,

RECEIVED BY

E. L. HARDING & CO.,

Have removed to the spacious and elegant store formerly occupied by

MESSRS. L. D. OLMSTED & CO.

No. 142 Lake Street,

And are now opening the largest assortment of

Ready Made Clothing

—AND—

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Ever offered in the North-West. Being manufactured by themselves expressly for this Market, we challenge competition.

We have also a department devoted exclusively to

Youth's and Children's Clothing

In which may be found every variety and style suited to the season, all of which will be sold at the

LOWEST NEW YORK PRICES!

SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,

142 Lake Street.

Shirts! Shirts!! Shirts!!!

MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED TO FIT,

At Creery's Patent Take Shirt Depot,

60 LAKE STREET.

ONLY STRICTLY GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS Store in Chicago.

SILK SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SOCKS, CRAVATS, TIES, HANDKERCHIEFS, ETC., In immense variety.

At New York City Prices.

CREERY, 60 Lake St., Chicago.

Barrett King & Co.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 103 and 105 Water st., cor. Wells, Chicago, Illinois.

Miscellaneous.

THE GREAT WESTERN

LEATHER STORE,

Nos. 201 & 203 S. Water Street,

(Four Doors from Wells Street Bridge,) Chicago, Illinois

WILL BE OPENED ON

Monday, September 7, 1857,

WITH A

LARGE STOCK OF BOOT AND SHOE

LEATHER OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

Which we will sell

Low Prices for Cash or Approved Short Paper,

BY

RICHARD T. BLACKBURN.

CHAIN PUMP TUBING,

Made of Solid Timber,

TEMPLE & WRIGHT, AT THEIR PLANING MILL, corner of Fork and Canal streets, West Division, manufacture and keep constantly on hand

CHAIN PUMP TUBING,

Which they will sell at reasonable prices. Orders left at the Planing Mill, or at the Yard, corner of Fork and Canal streets, will receive prompt attention.

TEMPLE & WRIGHT.

Shingles! Shingles! Shingles!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE LEASED OF [illegible] and will manufacture and keep constantly on hand a large supply of Shingles, which they offer for sale at the lowest market rates. They can be cut to any length desired, and are warranted to be of the best quality. Orders left at the Yard, corner of Fork and Canal streets, will receive prompt attention.

TEMPLE & WRIGHT.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES,

BY GEORGE JOHNSON,

No. 20 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO.

SUMMER RESORT.

ST. JOSEPH HOTEL,

AT SOUTH BEND, INDIANA.

THIS IS A DELIGHTFUL RETREAT [illegible] Proprietor.

Notice to Hunters.—Game Wanted.

Chicago Type Foundry

AND PRINTER'S WAREHOUSE,

No. 90 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

TYPE, PRESSES, INK, AND EVERY article required in a Newspaper, Book or Job Office, for sale at the Eastern Manufacturers' prices.

We have removed to our new Foundry Building, at the above location, and with our greatly increased facilities, are enabled to fill orders with dispatch.

The improvements which we have made in the process of casting Printing Type manufactured by us give it peculiar excellence for durability.

We have recently started, in connection with our Foundry,

AN ELECTROTYPE FOUNDRY,

And are now prepared to execute orders for Electrotyping of every description, on the most reasonable terms.

We shall, in a short time, issue a SPECIMEN BOOK which will be sent to parties wishing to order, or any of the articles we manufacture.

D. L. DYER, Treasurer.

Notice.

THE PAST EIGHTEEN MONTHS' EXperience has proved the economy of Chicago people purchasing the most genuine and reliable articles in every department of trade. The last of the matter is this, that, unless your eyes are blinded by prejudice, you will find the best assortment of goods, at the lowest prices, and the most satisfactory terms, at the GOOD AS THE BEST establishment, although you may know any spot of ground, point, rod, or line, in the city, where you can buy a little cheaper. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The goods are warranted as represented, and if they fail to please you, no sale is made.

Gentlemen, call at COOK & HOLADE'S and look at specimens of their Coal Dressing. If they fail to please you, no sale is made.

COOK, HOLADE & HOLADE, 99 Dearborn street, south of the Public Square.

ST. LOUIS AND MATTOON THREE.

[From the Intelligencer, Oct. 21.]

Since the meeting at the Exchange yesterday and since the advertisements of fifty firms have been widely circulated through the city that bank bills of every State were as good money for general business purposes as any other, we have heard no complaints from any quarter of pressure. The butchers in the retail markets have given all cash customers that need it, as good beef for anything but specie, and therefore could take nothing else from their customers. But now the case is different. Illinois drovers of course will not sell their cattle for Illinois money, while it passes in Missouri freely at par. The heaviest part of the pressure has fallen upon the masses, who have no notes to offer in bank, therefore the most needy. This trouble being removed, the people at large breathe freer.

There is no doubt but that provisions will be plenty and cheap the coming winter, and currency being available, speculation will be kept off, except from the idle and dissolute, who never look one day ahead for the means of living.

ACTION IN GEORGIA.

Gov. Johnson, of Georgia, has issued a proclamation, calling upon each of the banks of that State to make a just and true return, under oath affirmation of its president and cashier, of its state and condition, with the names of its president and directors, and a list of its stockholders, on the day of its regular weekly business, and requiring said directors thereof next preceding the date of this requisition. The proclamation bears date the 1st inst.

ANOTHER LUXURY CUT OFF.

Walker's Nicaragua invasion has not been sanctioned by the Democratic party. The Northern Dominion Convention, called by nearly seven thousand citizens of the Free States, and appointed to be held at Cleveland on the 28th and 29th inst., has, on account of the great financial revulsion, has been postponed until further notice.

One Effect of the Crisis—Specie on its Way to New York.

HALIFAX, October 20, 1857.

The Royal Mail Steamship Europa, Captain Leitch, from Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday the 10th instant, arrived at this port at 11:20 this evening. She left Liverpool at 1 P. M. of Saturday.

She has with her £63,100 in specie.

The Bank of England had raised its rate of discount from 5 1-2 to 6 per cent.

The *Times* has some lengthy remarks on the increase, and says: "If the drain of the specie of the bank of gold which had led to this step has taken the public by surprise, because they were not prepared for the extraordinary news by public rumor, Americans must allow it its full weight to that intelligence, there is nothing in the movement to create alarm, although there is a high probability it may soon have to be repeated. Upon the whole it is possible that the ultimate consequences of the American panic and the Indian insurrections may, for a time, have affected English resources to the extent of two or three millions, which bear comparison with the Russian Board of Trade of the Empire, that it is impossible to discover a cause of fear. The discount establishments have also advanced their rates 1 to 2 per cent, and in the face of the present article, that fright alone is the cause of the daily ruin now going on in America, and that there is nothing in what is now passing which will, before any length of time, interfere with the business of the country.

The London *Commercial Daily List* of Friday evening says it is the general opinion that money matters have been the worst in America, and although much caution has been observed in the negotiations of bills, still, the feeling is rather better than it was yesterday. The rate of discount is now from 6 to 7 per cent.

The English papers are filled with reports of the Fast-day sermons. The London *Times* devoted twenty-six columns, and the aggregate abstracts from the discourses delivered in 154 churches.

Rev. R. Spurgeon addressed, at the Crystal Palace, the largest audience that has ever assembled in modern times to listen to the ministry of the Gospel. Nearly 24,000 people were present. A large sum was collected in aid of the Indian Relief Fund, and the contributions at churches generally were on a liberal scale.

Millinery.

BEGS LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE Ladies of Chicago her arrival from the New York and Boston Markets of Fall and Winter MILLINERY, MANTILLAS, &c., &c.,

Which will be opened on THURSDAY, October 22, at her Rooms, 211 Dearborn street. oct5-17-dtf

Millinery Opening.

MISS M. A. HARRETT WILL OPEN ON THURSDAY, October 22, at her Rooms, 211 Dearborn street, a full assortment of Millinery Goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of Chicago and vicinity. oct5-17-dtf

The Misses Lacy,

No. 139 LAKE STREET (UP STAIRS), CHICAGO,

EMPORIUM OF PARISIAN FASHIONS.

Direct from Paris, with the Fall Styles of Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Velvets, Laces, Blondes, Collars, Sleeves, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Skirts, Hoops, Balmorals, Crinolines, Dress Trimmings, Fancy Goods, &c., &c

Special Notices.

...Notice.—The withdrawal of...

...BROOM & OSBORN,...

...OCK EXCHANGE AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

...ODE ISLAND CURRENCY WANTED AT PAR.

...Strong & Wiley Brothers,...

...change on New York and ...

...FOR SALE BY...

...E. L. WILLARD & SON,...

...Exchange on New York...

...E WILL SELL EXCHANGE...

...YORK, in sums to suit purchasers, at...

...STURGIS, GODDARD & ...

...Banking House of...

...EENEBAUM BROTHERS...

...SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

...E INVITE THE ATTENTION...

...Capitalists and the public generally to the...

...now ready to receive Deposits in the...

...vestment, subject to the terms of Banking...

...GREENEBAUM BROS.

...Real Estate, Stock and ...

...BROKERAGE.

...pring Exchange, Passage & Collections.

...MERRELL, MASON & ...

...E PREPARED TO NEGOTIATE...

...Educational.

...THE PAVILION FAMILY...

...Hartford, Ct., Rev. T. H. ...

...will commence its Winter Term on the 1st...

...during the term or vacation. Circulars of...

...BROOM & OSBORN,...

...CLARK STREET,...

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...RE-OPENING OF...

...Mirasole's Dancing Acad...

...S. C. MIRASOLE IS ...

...thanks to his friends, a number of which...

...number, No. 139 Clark, St. Room No. 1...

...Academy, No. 139 Clark, St. Room No. 2...

...Parlor, No. 139 Clark, St. Room No. 3...

...Hall, No. 139 Clark, St. Room No. 4...

...Dancing Academy, No. 139 Clark, St. ...

...CHICAGO ACADEMY...

...THE SECOND TERM OF THE...

...LANE & BAKER'S School for Young ...

...Monday, Sept. 21st, 1857,...

...at their Rooms, No. 138 Wabash, corner...

...Lake, Chicago, Ill., for Gentlemen and...

...Ladies. Circulars can be had at the Book...

...Stores of Messrs. Griggs, Keen & Co., and...

...Messrs. S. C. Griggs & Co., 39 Lake, St. ...

...Chicago, Oct. 1, 1857.—sep30-1m

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...Chicago, Oct. 1, 1857.—sep30-1m

...The Book Trade.

...Bookstore, 134 Lake st.

...TRATED IN TARTARY, THIBET ...

...INDIA—FROM ...

...IN CHINA—BY REV. WM. MILNE, ...

...SLAVE AND THE FREE; ...

...Captain ...

...Illustrated by 40 ...

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Legal Notices.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.
Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery—June Term, A. D. 1857.
James S. Gourley vs. William Bullock, Jr., Wm. Vance, C. V. Dyer, C. V. Hooker and Charles Hallett.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THE PUBLIC SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN

JOSEPH N. BARKER, Trustee.
Chicago, Oct. 6, 1856.

MASTER'S SALE.

John Graham and Hannah Allen, vs. C. Hooker, Master and

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

Sept. 15, 1856. C. V. DYER, Master in Chancery.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN

Chicago, October 6, 1856.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN

Mortgagee's sale of Real Estate,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO JAMES

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.
Circuit Court, A. D. 1856.
George G. Wilder vs. Chas. Butler, Jr., et al.—Ad

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